**Department of Equity, Curriculum and Instruction** 

# **English Language Arts**

**Curriculum Guide** 

MHS English Patterns Grades 11&12: Humanities

Revised: June - August 2018

Approved by the Montclair Board of Education: September 2018



## **Montclair Public Schools**

Course Title:	Humanities		
Curriculum Area: _	ELA	Credits:	5
Course Pre-Requis	ites: English Grade 10		

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English Language Arts Revised 2018

#### Introduction

The Montclair Public Schools believes in celebrating the rich history of our magnet school system while ensuring consistent, high quality instruction for all learners. The English Language Arts curriculum is built upon this belief immersing students in the process of reading, writing, speaking and listening, and language to create a vital community of learners. When students engage with and respond to a variety of literature, they develop an awareness of the human condition, gain empathy, and discover a sense of personal empowerment that allows them to become active participants in society. This approach provides all students with equitable access to the same learning goals while allowing teachers the flexibility to adapt to the needs of their learners.

## **New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts**

The standards define general, cross-disciplinary literacy expectations that must be met for students to be prepared to enter college and workforce-training programs ready to succeed. The K–12 grade-specific standards define end-of-year expectations and a cumulative progression designed to enable students to meet college and career readiness expectations no later than the end of high school.

Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards, retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades, and work steadily toward meeting the more general expectations described by the standards.

#### **Anchor Standards for Reading**

#### **Key Ideas and Details**

NJSLSA.R1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

NJSLSA.R2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

NJSLSA.R3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

#### **Craft and Structure**

NJSLSA.R4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

NJSLSA.R5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

NJSLSA.R6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

## **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas**

NJSLSA.R7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

NJSLSA.R8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

NJSLSA.R9. Analyze and reflect on how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.

#### Note on range and content of student reading

To become college and career ready, students must grapple with works of exceptional craft and thought whose range extends across genres, cultures, and centuries. Such works offer profound insights into the human condition and serve as models for students' own thinking and writing. Along with high-quality contemporary works, these texts should be chosen from among seminal U.S. documents, the classics of American literature, and the timeless dramas of Shakespeare. Through wide and deep reading of literature and literary nonfiction of steadily increasing sophistication, students gain a reservoir of literary and cultural knowledge, references, and images; the ability to evaluate intricate arguments; and the capacity to surmount the challenges posed by complex texts.

#### **Anchor Standards for Writing**

## **Text Types and Purposes**

NJSLSA.W1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

NJSLSA.W2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

NJSLSA.W3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

#### **Production and Distribution of Writing**

NJSLSA.W4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.W5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

NJSLSA.W6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

## **Research to Build and Present Knowledge**

NJSLSA.W7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects, utilizing an inquiry-based research process, based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

NJSLSA.W8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.

NJSLSA.W9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

## **Range of Writing**

NJSLSA.W10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

#### Note on range and content in student writing

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students need to learn to use writing as a way of offering and supporting opinions, demonstrating understanding of the subjects they are studying, and conveying real and imagined experiences and events. They learn to appreciate that a key purpose of writing is to communicate clearly to an external, sometimes unfamiliar audience, and they begin to adapt the form and content of their writing to accomplish a particular task and purpose. They develop the capacity to build knowledge on a subject through research projects and to respond analytically to literary and informational sources. To meet these goals, students must devote significant time and effort to writing, producing numerous pieces over short and extended time frames throughout the year.

#### **Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening**

## **Comprehension and Collaboration**

NJSLSA.SL1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

NJSLSA.SL3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

## **Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas**

NJSLSA.SL4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

NJSLSA.SL5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

NJSLSA.SL6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

#### Note on range and content of student speaking and listening

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students must have ample opportunities to take part in a variety of rich, structured conversations—as part of a whole class, in small groups, and with a partner. Being productive members of these conversations requires that students contribute accurate, relevant information; respond to and develop what others have said; make comparisons and contrasts; and analyze and synthesize a multitude of ideas in various domains.

New technologies have broadened and expanded the role that speaking and listening play in acquiring and sharing knowledge and have tightened their link to other forms of communication. Digital texts confront students with the potential for continually updated content and dynamically changing combinations of words, graphics, images, hyperlinks, and embedded video and audio.

## **Anchor Standards for Language**

## **Conventions of Standard English**

NJSLSA.L1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLSA.L2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

#### **Knowledge of Language**

NJSLSA.L3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

#### **Vocabulary Acquisition and Use**

NJSLSA.L4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

NJSLSA.L5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLSA.L6. Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

## Note on range and content of student language use

To build a foundation for college and career readiness in language, students must gain control over many conventions of standard English grammar, usage, and mechanics as well as learn other ways to use language to convey meaning effectively. They must also be able to determine or clarify the meaning of grade-appropriate words encountered through listening, reading, and media use; come to appreciate that words have nonliteral meanings, shades of meaning, and relationships to other words; and expand their vocabulary in the course of studying content. The inclusion of Language standards in their own strand should not be taken as an indication that skills related to conventions, effective language use, and vocabulary are unimportant to reading, writing, speaking, and listening; indeed, they are inseparable from such contexts.

Overview	Reading	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
Unit 1	Primary Focus Standards: RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1	Primary Focus Standards: W.11-12.2.A,B,C,D,E,F	Primary Focus Standards: SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D	Primary Focus Standards: L. 11-12.1.A
	RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2	W.11-12.3	SL.11-12.2	L.11-12.2.A,B
	RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3	W.11-12.4	SL.11-12.3	L.11-12.3.A
	RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4	W.11-12.5	SL.11-12.4	L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D
	RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.6	W.11-12.10	SL.11-12.6	L.11-12.5.A,B
		Select at least one from: W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9		L.11-12.6
	Text Type:  • At least one extended text • 3-5 short texts	<ul> <li>Writing Focus:</li> <li>Informative writing</li> <li>Explanatory writing</li> <li>Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard)</li> <li>Routine Writing</li> </ul>	Task type:	Skill focus:      Study and apply grammar     Study and apply vocabulary
Unit 2	Primary Focus Standards: RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1	Primary Focus Standards: W.11-12.1.A,B,C,D,E	Primary Focus Standards: SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D	Primary Focus Standards: L. 11-12.1.A
	RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2	W.11-12.4	SL.11-12.2	L.11-12.2.A,B
	RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3	W.11-12.5	SL.11-12.3	L.11-12.3.A
	RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4	W.11-12.6	SL.11-12.4	L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D
	RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.5	W.11-12.10	SL.11-12.5	L.11-12.5.A,B

	RI.11-12.6	Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9.A,B	SL.11-12.6	L.11-12.6
	RI.11-12.7	W.11-12.0, W.11-12.7.A,D		
	RI.11-12.8			
	RI.11-12.9			
	Text Type:  • At least one extended text • 3-5 short texts	Writing Focus:      Argumentative writing     Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard)     Routine Writing	Task type:  Conduct discussions Report finding	Skill focus:  Study and apply grammar  Study and apply vocabulary
Unit 3	Primary Focus Standards:	Primary Focus Standards: W.11-12.3.A,B,C,D,E	Primary Focus Standards: SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D	Primary Focus Standards: L. 11-12.1.A
	RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1			
	RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2	W.11-12.4	SL.11-12.2	L.11-12.2.A,B
	RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3	W.11-12.5	SL.11-12.3	L.11-12.3.A
		W.11-12.6	SL.11-12.4	L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D
	RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4	W.11-12.10	SL.11-12.5	L.11-12.5.A,B
	RL.11-12.5 RI.11-12.5			·
	RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.6	Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9	SL.11-12.6	L.11-12.6
	RL.11-12.7			
	RL.11-12.9			
	Text Type:	Writing Focus:	Task type:	Skill focus:
	At least one extended text	Narrative writing	Conduct discussions	Study and apply grammar

	• 3-5 short texts	<ul> <li>Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard)</li> <li>Routine Writing</li> </ul>	Report finding	Study and apply vocabulary
Unit 4	Primary Focus Standards: RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1 RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.3	Primary Focus Standards: W.11-12.2.A,B,C,D,E,F	Primary Focus Standards: SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D SL.11-12.2	Primary Focus Standards: L. 11-12.1.A L.11-12.2.A,B
	RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.10	W.11-12.5	SL.11-12.3	L.11-12.3.A
	RL.11-12.4 RL.11-12.5	W.11-12.6 W.11-12.10	SL.11-12.4 SL.11-12.5	L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D L.11-12.5.A,B
	RL.11-12.6 RL.11-12.9	Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9	SL.11-12.6	L.11-12.6
	RL.11-12.10			
	Text Type:  • At least one extended text • 3-5 short texts	<ul> <li>Writing Focus:</li> <li>Informative writing</li> <li>Explanatory writing</li> <li>Research writing</li> <li>Routine Writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard)</li> </ul>	Task type:	Skill focus:  • Study and apply grammar  • Study and apply vocabulary
Suggested Open Educational Resources	<ul> <li>Reading</li> <li>Mining Literature for Deeper Meaning</li> <li>Close Reading: "A Reason to Read"</li> </ul>	Writing/Language  Improving Student Writing Through Critical Thinking	Speaking & Listening  Taking Lecture and Class Notes	Critical Thinking  College Board: SAT Critical Thinking

- Multiple Perspectives on Theme
- Rhetorical Devices
- DIDLS guide for rhetorical analysis
- Comparing multiple interpretations of a text
- Analyzing speeches as arguments
- Sample Close Reading: from Walden
- Reading a Supreme Court Case
- Analyzing purpose and meaning in political cartoons

- Evaluating a source: survey
- Analyzing style: formal and informal language
- The Passion of Punctuation
- <u>Developing Core Proficiencies</u> from Engage New York
- Writing an Argumentative Essay
   About the First Chapter of "Up
   From Slavery"
- <u>Developing Persuasive</u>
   <u>Arguments Through Ethical Inquiry: Two Pre-Writing Strategies</u>
- Spend a Day in My Shoes:
   Exploring the Role of Perspective in Narrative
- PARCC Scoring Rubric for Prose Constructed Response Items
- Purdue Online Writing Lab

- <u>Conver-Stations: A Discussion</u> <u>Strategy</u>
- <u>Using Debate to Develop</u> Thinking and Speaking
- <u>Developing Core Proficiencies</u>
   <u>from Engage New York</u>
- <u>Lessons to Use with Popular Stories</u>
- <u>Lessons to Use with</u> <u>Anthologies</u>
- English Language Arts
   Methods: Grades 9-12 Model
   Lessons
- For Arguments Sake: Playing "Devil's Advocate" with Non Fiction Texts
- The Pros and Cons of Discussion
- PVLEGS: A Public Speaking
   Acronym that Transforms
   Students

- <u>Critical Thinking: A Path to</u> <u>College and Career</u>
- Critical thinking through whole class dialogue
- Developing Critical and <u>Analytical Thinking about</u> Literary Characters
- <u>Teaching Channel Presents:</u> <u>Inquiry-Based Teaching</u>
- Inquiry Graphic Organizer
- Assessing Cultural
   Relevance: Exploring
   Personal Connections to a
   Text
- How to Encourage Higher
  Order Thinking
- Handbook of Critical Thinking Resources
- How to Mark a Book

	Montclair Public Schools Instructional Unit					
Content:		Humanities			11/12	
Marking Period	1	Unit Title:	Creation Myths and Cosmology	Pacing:	10 Weeks	

#### Framing the Learning

#### **Big Ideas:**

Creation stories exist in many different cultures, each with its own values and concepts about mankind and the universe.

Cosmology and the history of the universe can be understood and regarded as a creation story alongside creation myths.

Pre-Hellenic art (sculpture and architecture) has the cultural emphasis on Divinism. The dominant cultural ideas are hierarchy, the empire, and power. The technical method and manner is symbolism and size. The cultural effect on the audience is awe and mysticism. The cultural practices are elite rituals.

Hellenic art (sculpture and architecture) has the cultural emphasis on Humanism. The dominant cultural ideas are idealism and democracy. The technical method and manner is rationalism. The cultural effects on the audience are restraint and intellectualism. The cultural practices are processions, theater, and games.

#### **Essential Questions:**

What are some of the great ideas that have excited people throughout ages?

What values are implied and/or explicit in creation myths?

What does the creation myth reveal about the power structure of the culture?

How do the scientific theories of the universe inform our response to other myths and theories?

How do creation myths and scientific theories shape one's sense of self in the universe?

How does the art of a particular time period contain the values, intellect, and capabilities of the culture?

## **Enduring Understandings:**

Students will discover links between contemporary life and the concerns of humanity in other countries and times. Students will draw parallels, not only in literature but also in art, music, dance, philosophy, religion, math, and science. Emphasis is on the Western Tradition in Ancient Greece and Rome and Near Eastern cultures.

		NJSLS	
	Unit 1	Grade 11/12	
Unit 1 Reading	Standards	Unit1 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	<ul> <li>Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant</li> <li>Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence</li> <li>Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details</li> <li>Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias)</li> <li>Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence</li> <li>Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience</li> <li>Support inference using several examples from the text</li> <li>Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text</li> <li>Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence</li> </ul>	1 (H 2)
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze	<ul> <li>Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text</li> <li>Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas</li> </ul>	

analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	<ul> <li>Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text</li> <li>Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development</li> <li>Use the text to draw conclusions</li> <li>Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text ( and provides depth and dimension)</li> <li>Construct an objective summary of the text</li> </ul>	2 (H 3)
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction</li> <li>Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text</li> <li>Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story</li> <li>RI.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc) of the text</li> <li>Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is</li> <li>Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text</li> </ul>	3
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	<ul> <li>Assess figurative meaning</li> <li>Assess connotative meaning</li> <li>Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon)</li> <li>Identify tone of text</li> <li>Explain how word choice creates tone</li> <li>Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text</li> </ul>	2 (H 3)

RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	RL.11-12.6:  • Identify and assess the point of view • Determine what the text literally and figuratively states • Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement • Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose	3
		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.6:</li> <li>Determine the author's overall purpose</li> <li>Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose.</li> <li>Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about</li> <li>Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text</li> </ul>	3
Unit 1 Writing	Standards	Unit 1 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
W.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.  W.11-12.1.A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.  W.11-12.1.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details,		<ul> <li>Effectively select, organize, and analyze content</li> <li>Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information are needed</li> <li>Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose Supply evidence in order to inform the audience</li> <li>Use relevant and sufficient facts, definitions, details, and quotes</li> <li>Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and accurately</li> <li>Develop a topic</li> </ul>	2 A - 2 B - 3

quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.  W.11-12.1.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.  W.11-12.1.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.  W.11-12.1.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.  W.11-12.1.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	<ul> <li>Introduce a topic by arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships</li> <li>Decide what organization is most effective for purpose, audience, and task Focus on syntax as it creates effective writing</li> <li>Choose a formal style and objective tone</li> <li>Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogies</li> <li>Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content</li> <li>Format effectively</li> <li>Organize graphics</li> <li>Provide multimedia when useful</li> <li>Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text</li> <li>Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented</li> </ul>	C - 2 D - 2 E - 2 F - 2
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure</li> <li>Identify and understand the writing purpose</li> <li>Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately</li> <li>Understand and utilize appropriate style</li> <li>Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing</li> </ul>	2
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	<ul> <li>Create and use appropriate planning templates</li> <li>Understand and utilize revision techniques</li> <li>Understand writing as a process</li> <li>Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience</li> <li>Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose</li> </ul>	3

W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	<ul> <li>Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration</li> <li>Link and cite sources</li> <li>Create shared writing products</li> <li>Adapt writing according to feedback</li> <li>Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software</li> <li>Assess feedback from peers</li> </ul>	1
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	<ul> <li>Conduct short and more sustained research projects</li> <li>Conduct research drawing on multiple sources</li> <li>Understand steps of an investigation</li> <li>Develop an inquiry question</li> <li>Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate</li> <li>Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry</li> <li>Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights</li> <li>Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	<ul> <li>Gather print and digital information</li> <li>Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose</li> <li>Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience</li> <li>Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant</li> <li>Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source</li> <li>Paraphrase correctly</li> <li>Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including	<ul> <li>Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme</li> <li>Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research</li> </ul>	2

how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").  W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").		
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<ul> <li>Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> <li>Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences</li> <li>Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project</li> <li>Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> </ul>	2
Unit 1 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 1 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own	<ul> <li>Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions</li> <li>Prepare for discussions</li> </ul>	3
clearly and persuasively.  SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic	<ul> <li>Read and research materials beforehand</li> <li>Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion</li> <li>Refer to evidence from texts and other research</li> <li>Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion</li> </ul>	A - 3 (H 4)
or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas. SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as	<ul> <li>Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Set guidelines for class discussions</li> <li>Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to</li> </ul>	B - 3
needed.	assigned roles	C - 3

SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.  SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.  SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to	<ul> <li>Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities.</li> <li>Self monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed</li> <li>Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>discuss and question the argument and evidence</li> <li>Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully</li> <li>Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives</li> <li>Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments</li> <li>Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media</li> </ul>	D - 3
make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	<ul> <li>Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions</li> <li>Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source</li> </ul>	
SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	<ul> <li>Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant</li> <li>Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading</li> <li>Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning</li> <li>Engage as an active listener and participant</li> <li>Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone</li> </ul>	3

SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective</li> <li>Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion</li> <li>Consider and address opposing viewpoints</li> <li>Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to the purpose and audience</li> <li>Present information clearly, concisely, and logically</li> <li>Use correct eye contact</li> <li>Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose</li> <li>Speak with clear pronunciation</li> </ul>	3 (H-4)
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	<ul> <li>Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose</li> <li>Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary</li> </ul>	2
Unit 1 Language Standards	Unit 1 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	<ul> <li>Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking</li> <li>Understand that language and appropriate usage changes</li> <li>Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation</li> </ul>	2
L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions.	Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling	A - 2 B - 1
L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly.		

L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking</li> <li>Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work</li> <li>Write using a variety of different syntaxes</li> </ul>	
L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).  L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.  L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context	<ul> <li>Use context clues to derive word meaning</li> <li>Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns</li> <li>Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words</li> <li>Trace the etymology of words</li> </ul>	A - 2 B - 3 C - 2 D - 3
or in a dictionary).  L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	<ul> <li>Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox</li> <li>Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk)</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	<ul> <li>Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts</li> <li>Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)

Instructional Plan		
Formative Assessment Plan	Summative Assessment Plan	
Formative assessment informs instruction and is ongoing throughout a unit to determine how students are progressing against the standards.	Summative assessment is an opportunity for students to demonstrate mastery of the skills taught during a particular unit.	
Reader-response papers Note-taking Informal daily discussion of readings Informal presentations	First draft papers Student-teacher writing conference Socratic seminars Formal presentations Final paper	
Texts	Supplementary Resources	
Genesis 1-12 Hesiod's <i>Theogony</i> Ovid's <i>Metamorphoses</i> (Book 1) Hawking's "Our Picture of the Universe" Christian, David: Big History (TED Talk) William Fleming's <i>Arts and Ideas</i>	"The Case for Big History" - New York Times article https://www.nytimes.com/2002/01/12/arts/for-big-history-the-past-begins-at-the- beginning.html  TedTalk with David Christian - "The Case for Big History" https://www.ted.com/talks/david_christian_big_history "The Miracle of Being and the Experience of God" Paul Brockelman (H)	
	The Met Museum Art of the Hellenistic Age <a href="https://www.metmuseum.org/toah/hd/haht/hd">https://www.metmuseum.org/toah/hd/haht/hd</a> haht.htm  Background Information for <i>Theogony</i> <a href="https://www.ancient-literature.com/greece hesiod theogony.html">http://www.ancient-literature.com/greece hesiod theogony.html</a> Audio version of <i>Theogony</i> <a href="https://librivox.org/works-and-days-the-theogony-and-the-shield-of-heracles-by-hesiod">https://librivox.org/works-and-days-the-theogony-and-the-shield-of-heracles-by-hesiod</a> Background Information for <i>Metamorphoses</i>	

http://www.ancient-literature.com/rome ovid metamorphoses.html Electronic Version of "Our Picture of the Universe" http://www.fisica.net/relatividade/stephen\_hawking\_a\_brief\_history\_of\_time.pdf **Additional Supplemental Materials** Newsela - Additional Stephen Hawking article https://newsela.com/read/doomsday-hawking/id/24198/ Newsela - "What is Mythology?" https://newsela.com/read/elem-mythology/id/34500/ **MLA** Formatting https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/01/ Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson1155/scaffold.pdf Sample Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson1155/example\_scaf fold.pdf Argumentative Writing https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/659/1/ **Establishing Arguments** https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/1/

Research and Evidence

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/02/

The Writing Process

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/1/1/

Prewriting

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/673/1/

Writing a Thesis Statement

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/

Developing an Outline

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/1/

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/01/

Writing an introductory paragraph - Video

 $\frac{https://www.google.com/search?q=how+to+write+an+introduction+for+a+research+pa}{per\&sa=X\&ved=0ahUKEwidnJ6d8JncAhXxmOAKHYqvDWkQ1QII7gEoAQ\&biw=9}\\ 40\&bih=562\&safe=active\&ssui=on\#kpvalbx=1$ 

Body Paragraph - elaboration

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson-docs/Key Elaboration.pdf

Conclusion Paragraph

 $\underline{https://owl.english.purdue.edu/engagement/2/2/60/}$ 

Research and Citation

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/2/ Essay Map - Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/6-8%20Essay%20Map.pdf Persuasive Essay Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/persuasion%20map.pdf Compare Contrast Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/CompareContrast.pdf Connection Web - Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/ConnectionWeb.pdf Bookshare (audio books) is available for special needs students - contact the Case Manager **Writing Tasks Primary Focus** Secondary Focus **Routine Writing** This is daily writing or writing that is done several This is connected to the types of writing as This may be to develop a skill or connect to writing from indicated in the standards: Informational or times over a week resources or research writing. Literary. First drafts papers and revisions Reader response papers Peer evaluation Students will write a critical analysis final Note-taking paper on one of the major works studied in the Student-teacher workshops Developing a thesis marking period. The final paper is the culmination of process writing throughout the marking period. **Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars** Internalization of the writing process Style and content response guidelines

MLA formatting and writing help Sample papers

## **CROSS CURRICULAR RESOURCES**

The NJ Amistad Commission's NJSLS literacy resources: <a href="http://njamistadcurriculum.net/commoncore/">http://njamistadcurriculum.net/commoncore/</a>

The NJ Commission of Holocaust Education's Curriculum Guides/Materials: https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf

#### ALIGNMENT TO 21st CENTURY SKILLS AND TECHNOLOGY

21st Century/ Interdisciplinary Themes: Bold all that apply	21st Century Skills: Bold all that apply
Global Awareness	Creativity & Innovation
Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy	Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
Civic Literacy	Communication & Collaboration
Health Literacy	Media Literacy
Environmental Literacy	Information Literacy
	Information, Communication & Technology
	Life & Career Skills

## **Technology Infusion**

 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/document/d/1-5el3aJjDd9j0WlJGA2gdtKQ8jwwuOCP98vx5zzJl6s/edit?usp=sharing}$ 

select from the list above/copy and paste

Smart Board Applications

enVision applications

## **Evidence of Student Learning**

- Common benchmark
- DRA continuum
- Guided reading observational records
- Evaluation rubrics
- Self-reflections
- Teacher-student conferences
- Running records

- Students' published pieces
- Unit tests
- Quizzes

	Montclair Public Schools Instructional Unit				
Content:	Content: Humanities		Humanities Grade:		11/12
Marking Period	2	Unit Title:	Greek Epic Poetry and Greek Drama	Pacing:	10 Weeks

#### Framing the Learning

#### Big Ideas:

The ancient Greek poem *The Iliad* remains to this day one of the most profound treatments of the ethical problems surrounding war and human violence.

Background information on Homer, epic poetry, The Trojan War, the gods, and general mythology creates an informed and textured reading of *The Iliad*.

Homer's *The Iliad* offers an in-depth study of the hero and heroism as well as other cultural elements such as the treatment of women, the role of the gods, notions of duty, and leadership and camaraderie.

Aeschylus' The Oresteia examines the cycle of revenge and the pursuit of justice.

Aristotle's Poetics provides the language of Greek drama to be applied to an examination of Aeschylus' The Oresteia.

The cultural emphasis of Hellenistic Art is Humanism. The cultural idea and dominant mode is individualism and the empire. The technical method is realism and emotionalism, and the cultural effect on the audience is engagement and emotionalism.

The cultural emphasis on Roman Art is Humanism. The cultural idea and dominant mode is cosmopolitanism and the masses, republicanism and the empire, and Stoicism and Epicureanism. The technical methods and manner are utilitarianism, organization, and realism. The cultural effect on the audience is didactic, practical, functional, patriotic, and pious. The cultural practices are processions, theater, games, and conservation.

#### **Essential Questions:**

To what extent does *The Iliad* glorify, and to what extent does it condemn, acts of violence?

In what moral light does *The Iliad* portray the heroes who commit such acts?

Does The Iliad challenge or reinforce conventional notions about heroism?

How does The Iliad balance its ethical concerns against its need to tell a vivid, and in fact entertaining, tale of war?

How does the Aeschylus trilogy distinguish Agamemnon's, Clytemnestra's, and Orestes's actions from one another?

What is the symbolic meaning within the play?

What messages emerge at the conclusion of Orestes' trial?

How does the art of a particular time period contain the values, intellect, and capabilities of the culture?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

Students will discover links between contemporary life and the concerns of humanity in other countries and times. Students will draw parallels, not only in literature but also in art, music, dance, philosophy, religion, math, and science. Emphasis is on the Western Tradition in Ancient Greece and Rome and Near Eastern cultures.

NJSLS				
	Unit 2 Grade 11/12			
Unit 2 Reading Standards Unit 2 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills			Depth of	
			Knowledge	
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and	<ul> <li>Make personal connections, connections to other texts,</li> </ul>		
textual evidence and make relevant	thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via	and/or global/historical connections when relevant	2	

connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	<ul> <li>Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence</li> <li>Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details</li> <li>Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias)</li> <li>Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence</li> <li>Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience</li> <li>Support inference using several examples from the text</li> <li>Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text</li> <li>Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence</li> </ul>	(H - 3)
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	<ul> <li>Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text</li> <li>Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas</li> <li>Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text</li> <li>Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development</li> <li>Use the text to draw conclusions</li> <li>Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text ( and provides depth and dimension)</li> <li>Construct an objective summary of the text</li> </ul>	3
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and	RL.11-12.3:	
develop and relate elements of a story	explain how specific individuals,		3

or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	<ul> <li>Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction</li> <li>Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text</li> <li>Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc) of the text</li> <li>Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is</li> <li>Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text</li> </ul>	3
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	<ul> <li>Assess figurative meaning</li> <li>Assess connotative meaning</li> <li>Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon)</li> <li>Identify tone of text</li> <li>Explain how word choice creates tone</li> <li>Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text</li> </ul>	3
outer audiors.	RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.	<ul> <li>Investigate how an author structures the text and develops ideas</li> <li>Analyze how the structure of a text and order of ideas or claims within it affect the overall purpose of the text and how they are developed and shaped by the larger text</li> <li>Evaluate how the form effectively follows the function of the text</li> </ul>	3
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g.,	RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and	RL.11-12.6:  • Identify and assess the point of view • Determine what the text literally and figuratively states	3 (H -4)

satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	<ul> <li>Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement</li> <li>Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose</li> <li>RI.11-12.6:         <ul> <li>Determine the author's overall purpose</li> <li>Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose.</li> <li>Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about</li> <li>Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
	RI.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast how various accounts of a subject are told in multiple mediums</li> <li>Analyze how the details emphasized in each account of a subject told in different mediums affect the overall message</li> <li>Use references to the different media to answer a question or to solve a problem</li> </ul>	2 (H - 3)
	RI.11-12.8. Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).	<ul> <li>Evaluate the rationale used in a text</li> <li>Understand and explain how text connects to the principles determined by the Constitution</li> <li>Understand and explain how it connects to established laws and practices</li> <li>Determine and explain the idea, reason, and logic behind public advocacy texts (like a presidential address)</li> </ul>	2 (H - 3)

RI.11-12.9. Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	<ul> <li>Study and evaluate influential U.S. documents</li> <li>Identify and explain the themes and purposes</li> <li>Identify and explain their rhetorical features such as diction, imagery, details, figurative language, and syntax</li> </ul>	2
Unit 2 Writing Standards	Unit 2 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
W.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.  W.11-12.1.A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  W.11-12.1.B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.  W.11-12.1.C. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.  W.11-12.1. D. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	<ul> <li>Effectively select, organize, and analyze content</li> <li>Use the most relevant and sufficient facts, definitions, details, and quotes Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and accurately</li> <li>Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information are needed to effectively craft an argument</li> <li>Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose</li> <li>Understand how much evidence is needed to satisfactorily support a point</li> <li>Develop a topic</li> <li>Learn how to introduce argument(s) clearly and accurately with regard to counterclaims</li> <li>Understand and establish why the claim is important</li> <li>Structure arguments so that there is an association and correlation between the claim(s), counterclaim(s), reasons, and evidence</li> </ul>	A - 3  B - 3  C - 2 (H - 3)  D - 2  E - 3

W.11-12.E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.	<ul> <li>Treat claims and counterclaims equitably taking into account what their audience knows as well as what concerns they might have</li> <li>Develop unity and consistency in writing with words and structure, paying attention to the relationships created between the claims, counterclaims, evidence, and reason</li> <li>Maintain an appropriate style and tone for the task, omitting personal bias</li> <li>Consider and anticipate the audience's education, beliefs, and feelings about the subject</li> <li>Choose precise words and domain-specific vocabulary</li> <li>Introduce a topic arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships</li> <li>Format effectively</li> <li>Organize graphics and provide multimedia when useful</li> <li>Use transitions to link together the major sections of the text</li> <li>Use varied syntax</li> <li>Choose a formal style and objective tone</li> <li>Decide what organization is most effective for purpose, audience, and task</li> <li>Write a concluding statement that supports the information presented</li> </ul>	
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure</li> <li>Identify and understand the writing purpose</li> <li>Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately</li> <li>Understand and utilize appropriate style</li> <li>Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing</li> </ul>	3
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such	<ul> <li>Create and use appropriate planning templates</li> <li>Understand and utilize revision techniques</li> <li>Understand writing as a process</li> </ul>	3

as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	<ul> <li>Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience</li> <li>Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose</li> </ul>	
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	<ul> <li>Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration</li> <li>Link and cite sources</li> <li>Create shared writing products</li> <li>Adapt writing according to feedback</li> <li>Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software</li> </ul>	2
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	<ul> <li>Conduct short and more sustained research projects</li> <li>Conduct research drawing on multiple sources</li> <li>Understand steps of an investigation</li> <li>Develop an inquiry question</li> <li>Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate</li> <li>Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry</li> <li>Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights</li> <li>Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	<ul> <li>Gather print and digital information</li> <li>Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose</li> <li>Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience</li> <li>Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant</li> <li>Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source</li> <li>Paraphrase correctly</li> <li>Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").  W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").	<ul> <li>Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme</li> <li>Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research</li> </ul>	A - 4 B - 4
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<ul> <li>Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> <li>Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences</li> <li>Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project</li> <li>Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> </ul>	2
Unit 2 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 2 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <b>grade 11 topics, texts, and issues,</b> building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.  SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.	<ul> <li>Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions</li> <li>Prepare for discussions</li> <li>Read and research materials beforehand</li> <li>Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion</li> <li>Refer to evidence from texts and other research</li> <li>Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion</li> <li>Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> </ul>	A - 2 (H - 3) B - 3

SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.  SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.  SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	<ul> <li>Set guidelines for class discussions</li> <li>Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles</li> <li>Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities.</li> <li>Self monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed</li> <li>Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>discuss and question the argument and evidence</li> <li>Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully</li> <li>Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives</li> <li>Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments</li> </ul>	C - 3 D - 3
SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	<ul> <li>Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media</li> <li>Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions</li> <li>Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source</li> </ul>	3
SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	<ul> <li>Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant</li> <li>Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading</li> <li>Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning</li> <li>Engage as an active listener and participant</li> <li>Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone</li> </ul>	3

SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective</li> <li>Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion</li> <li>Consider and address opposing viewpoints</li> <li>Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to my purpose and audience</li> <li>Present information clearly, concisely, and logically</li> <li>Use correct eye contact</li> <li>Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose</li> <li>Speak with clear pronunciation</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	Engage audience and enhance their understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence by incorporating digital media such as textual, graphical, audio, visual, or interactive elements	2
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	<ul> <li>Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose</li> <li>Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary</li> </ul>	2
Unit 2 Language Standards	Unit 2 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	<ul> <li>Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking</li> <li>Understand that language and appropriate usage changes</li> <li>Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions.  L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly.	Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling	A - 2 B - 1

L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.  L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking.</li> <li>Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work</li> <li>Write using a variety of different syntaxes</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).  L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.  L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).	<ul> <li>Use context clues to derive word meaning</li> <li>Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns</li> <li>Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words</li> <li>Trace the etymology of words</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 3 C - 2 (H - 3) D - 3
L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	<ul> <li>Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox</li> <li>Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk)</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 4

L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	<ul> <li>Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts</li> <li>Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level</li> </ul>
Instru	ctional Plan
Formative Assessment Plan	Summative Assessment Plan
Formative assessment informs instruction and is ongoing throughout a unit to determine how students are progressing against the standards.	Summative assessment is an opportunity for students to demonstrate mastery of the skills taught during a particular unit.
Reader-response papers Note-taking	First draft papers Student-teacher writing conference
Informal daily discussion of readings	Socratic seminars
Informal presentations	Formal presentations
	Final paper
Texts	Supplementary Resources
Homer's <i>The Iliad</i> "Introduction" <i>for The Iliad</i> , Robert Fagles  Aeschylus: <i>The Oresteia</i> Aristotle's "Poetics"	"The Art of Homer's Catalogue of Ships" by John Crossett (H)  Additional Information <a href="http://ships.lib.virginia.edu/">http://ships.lib.virginia.edu/</a>
William Fleming's Arts and Ideas	"Who Shall Readily Obey?": Authority and Politics in <i>The Iliad</i> , by Dean C. Hammer (H)

"The Shield of Achilles within *The Iliad*" by Oliver Taplin (H) "The Theme of the Suppliant-Exile in *The Iliad*" by Robin R. Schlunk (H) "The Critique of the Female Stereotype in Greek Tragedy" by Leonard Moss (H) Background for The Iliad http://www.ancient-literature.com/greece\_homer\_iliad.html http://theconversation.com/guide-to-the-classics-homers-iliad-80968 Audio Version of The Iliad https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wgs1hLhSc2g Background information for The Oresteia http://www.ancient-literature.com/greece aeschylus oresteia.html Audio Version https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=68VU6O0xV2I Background and reading guide for Aristotle's "Poetics" http://www.english.hawaii.edu/criticalink/aristotle/ Audio Version of Aristotle's "Poetics" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bm2wr393bJw Humanism in Ancient Rome https://www.thoughtco.com/humanism-in-ancient-rome-248107 **Additional Supplemental Materials** 

**MLA** Formatting https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/01/ Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson1155/scaffold.pdf Sample Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson1155/example\_sca ffold.pdf **Argumentative Writing** https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/659/1/ **Establishing Arguments** https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/1/ Research and Evidence https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/02/ The Writing Process https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/1/1/ Prewriting https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/673/1/ Writing a Thesis Statement https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/ https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/ Developing an Outline https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/1/

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/01/

Writing an introductory paragraph - Video

https://www.google.com/search?q=how+to+write+an+introduction+for+a+research+paper&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwidnJ6d8JncAhXxmOAKHYqvDWkQ1QII7gEoAQ&biw=940&bih=562&safe=active&ssui=on#kpvalbx=1

Body Paragraph - elaboration

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson-docs/Key\_Elaboration.pdf

Conclusion Paragraph

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/engagement/2/2/60/

Research and Citation

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/2/

Essay Map - Graphic Organizer

 $\underline{http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/6-8\%20Essay\%20Map.pdf}$ 

Persuasive Essay Graphic Organizer

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/persuasion%20map.pdf

Compare Contrast Graphic Organizer

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/CompareContrast.pdf

Connection Web - Graphic Organizer

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/ConnectionWeb.pdf

Bookshare (audio books) is available for special needs students - contact the Case Manager

	Writing Tasks	
Primary Focus	Secondary Focus	Routine Writing
This is connected to the types of writing as	This may be to develop a skill or connect to writing from	This is daily writing or writing that is done several
indicated in the standards: Informational or Literary.	resources or research writing.	times over a week
	First drafts papers and revisions	Reader Response papers
Students will write an argumentative final paper	Peer evaluation	Note-taking
on one of the major works studied in the marking period. The final paper is the culmination of process writing throughout the marking period.	Student-teacher workshops	Developing a thesis
	<b>Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars</b>	
Internalization of the writing process		
Style and content response guidelines		
MLA formatting and writing help		
Sample papers		

CROS	SS CURRICULAR RESOURCES				
The NJ Amistad Commission's NJSLS literacy resources: http://njamistad	curriculum.net/commoncore/				
The NJ Commission of Holocaust Education's Curriculum Guides/Material	ls: https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf				
ALIGNMENT TO 2	ALIGNMENT TO 21st CENTURY SKILLS AND TECHNOLOGY				
21st Century/ Interdisciplinary Themes: Bold all that apply 21st Century Skills: Bold all that apply					
Global Awareness	Creativity & Innovation				
Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy	Critical Thinking & Problem Solving				
Civic Literacy	Communication & Collaboration				
Health Literacy Media Literacy					
Environmental Literacy Information Literacy					
	Information, Communication & Technology				

Life & Career Skills

# **Technology Infusion**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1-5el3aJjDd9j0WlJGA2gdtKQ8jwwuOCP98vx5zzJl6s/edit?usp=sharing

select from the list above/copy and paste

**Smart Board Applications** 

enVision applications

## **Evidence of Student Learning**

- Common benchmark
- DRA continuum
- Guided reading observational records
- Evaluation rubrics
- Self-reflections
- Teacher-student conferences
- Running records
- Students' published pieces
- Unit tests
- Quizzes

	Montclair Public Schools Instructional Unit					
Content:		11/12				
Marking Period	3 Unit Title: Philosophy and Poetry		Pacing:	10 Weeks		
	Framing the Learning					
Big Ideas:	Big Ideas:					

A study of the Biblical Wisdom Literature will provide observations on the nature of reality and instruction on the deeper meaning of life.

Plato and Socrates offer a superior understanding of Argument, Poetry, and Love.

Cultural conventions of Love and Morality can be understood through a close examination of poetry.

Close textual analysis reveals the meaning and themes of a work.

The cultural emphasis on Early Christian art is Divinism while the cultural idea is mysticism. The technical method is symbolism, and the cultural effect on the audience is devotion, activity, and inclusion. The cultural practices are centered around mass, such as baptisms and funerals.

The cultural emphasis on Byzantine art is Divinism while the cultural ideas are mysticism and hierarchy. The technical method is symbolism, and the cultural effect is obedience, passivity, and subordination. The cultural practice is iconoclasm.

#### **Essential Questions:**

What themes emerge in Biblical Wisdom literature?

How do the Greek philosophers define aesthetics and rhetoric?

What are the aesthetics of Beauty and the practices of Love as expressed in the poetry of different cultures?

How does the art of a particular time period contain the values, intellect, and capabilities of the culture?

## **Enduring Understandings:**

Students will discover links between contemporary life and the concerns of humanity in other countries and times. Students will draw parallels, not only in literature but also in art, music, dance, philosophy, religion, math, and science. Emphasis is on the Western Tradition in Ancient Greece and Rome and late Medieval Italian cultures.

### **NJSLS**

Unit 3 Grade 11/12				
Unit 3 Reading	g Standards	Unit 3 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge	
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.  RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.		<ul> <li>Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant</li> <li>Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence</li> <li>Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details</li> <li>Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias)</li> <li>Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence</li> <li>Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior</li> </ul>	3	
		<ul> <li>conclusions/prior experience</li> <li>Support inference using several examples from the text</li> <li>Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text</li> <li>Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence</li> </ul>		
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	<ul> <li>Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text</li> <li>Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas</li> <li>Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text</li> <li>Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development</li> <li>Use the text to draw conclusions</li> <li>Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text ( and provides depth and dimension)</li> <li>Construct an objective summary of the text</li> </ul>	4	

RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction</li> <li>Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text</li> <li>Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story</li> </ul>	3
		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction</li> <li>Explain how order in which each is presented in the text impact the overall text</li> <li>Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	<ul> <li>Assess figurative meaning</li> <li>Assess connotative meaning</li> <li>Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon)</li> <li>Identify tone of text</li> <li>Explain how word choice creates tone</li> <li>Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.	RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing and engaging.	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.5:</li> <li>Identify the structure of the text (ex. en media res, flashbacks, tragic elements)</li> <li>Describe how an author has chosen to structure a text and order events within it</li> <li>Explain why the author chose that structure and how it enhances the work as a whole</li> <li>Analyze how sequence contributes to the meaning and aesthetic impact</li> </ul>	3

		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.5:</li> <li>Investigate how an author structures the text and develops ideas</li> <li>Critically examine how the structure of a text and order of ideas or claims within it affect the overall purpose of the text and how they are developed and shaped by the larger text</li> <li>Evaluate how the form effectively follows the function of the text</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.6:</li> <li>Identify the point of view</li> <li>Determine what the text literally states</li> <li>Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement</li> <li>Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose</li> </ul>	4
		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.6:</li> <li>Determine the author's overall purpose</li> <li>Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose.</li> <li>Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about</li> <li>Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.7. Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)		<ul> <li>Read and/or view different versions of the same text, recordings, film, and/or live performances</li> <li>Compare and contrast the multiple versions</li> <li>Explain the differences between the multiple versions</li> <li>Focus on significant changes to structure, order, plot, and/or character</li> <li>Analyze how changes to structure, order, plot or character impact meaning of different versions of same text</li> </ul>	3

RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	<ul> <li>Recognize when an author draws on and then transforms source material (such as a theme or topic) from another text</li> <li>Recognize foundational and canonical American texts</li> <li>Identify and explain how different texts from the same era/genre approach the same theme/topics</li> </ul>	3
Unit 3 Writing Standards	Unit 3 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
W.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.  W.11-12.3.A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.  W.11-12.3.B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.  W.11-12.3.C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).  W.11-12.3.D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.  W.11-12.3.E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	<ul> <li>Convey experiences, real or imagined</li> <li>Use time as the deep structure of the narrative</li> <li>Form or structure based on a progression of events that build upon each other</li> <li>Use effective details using precise language</li> <li>Create clear point(s) of view established through a narrator, provide characters, and present a situation</li> <li>Apply narrative techniques including dialogue, description, and plot in order to develop experiences, events, and/or characters choosing words that create vivid pictures</li> <li>Provide a conclusion to the events they set out at the beginning of their narrative</li> <li>Include techniques for rhetorical effectiveness like the creation of tone, the plot of the narrative, and the overall coherence of the text</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 3 C - 3 D - 3 E - 3
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure</li> <li>Identify and understand the writing purpose</li> <li>Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately</li> </ul>	3

W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	<ul> <li>Understand and utilize appropriate style</li> <li>Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing</li> <li>Create and use appropriate planning templates</li> <li>Understand and utilize revision techniques</li> <li>Understand writing as a process</li> <li>Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience</li> </ul>	3
	Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose	
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	<ul> <li>Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration</li> <li>Link and cite sources</li> <li>Create shared writing products</li> <li>Adapt writing according to feedback</li> <li>Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software</li> <li>Assess feedback from peers</li> </ul>	2
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	<ul> <li>Conduct short and more sustained research projects</li> <li>Conduct research drawing on multiple sources</li> <li>Understand steps of an investigation</li> <li>Develop an inquiry question</li> <li>Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate</li> <li>Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry</li> <li>Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights</li> <li>Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow	<ul> <li>Gather print and digital information</li> <li>Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose</li> <li>Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience</li> </ul>	4

of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	<ul> <li>Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant</li> <li>Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source</li> <li>Paraphrase correctly</li> <li>Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)</li> </ul>	
W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").  W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary	<ul> <li>Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme</li> <li>Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research</li> </ul>	A - 4
nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").		B - 4
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<ul> <li>Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> <li>Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences</li> <li>Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project</li> <li>Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> </ul>	2
Unit 3 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 3 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge

SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.  SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas. SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.  SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.  SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	<ul> <li>Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions</li> <li>Prepare for discussions</li> <li>Read and research materials beforehand</li> <li>Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion</li> <li>Refer to evidence from texts and other research</li> <li>Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion</li> <li>Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Set guidelines for class discussions</li> <li>Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles</li> <li>Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities.</li> <li>Self monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed</li> <li>Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>discuss and question the argument and evidence</li> <li>Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully</li> <li>Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives</li> <li>Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments</li> <li>Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in</li> </ul>	A - 3  B - 3  C - 3 (H - 4)  D - 3 (H - 4)
formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	<ul> <li>Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media</li> <li>Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions</li> <li>Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source</li> </ul>	3

Unit 3 Language Standards	Unit 3 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	<ul> <li>Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose</li> <li>Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	Engage audience and enhance their understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence by incorporating digital media such as textual, graphical, audio, visual, or interactive elements	3
SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Engage as an active listener and participant</li> <li>Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone</li> <li>Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective</li> <li>Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion</li> <li>Consider and address opposing viewpoints</li> <li>Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to my purpose and audience</li> <li>Present information clearly, concisely, and logically</li> <li>Use correct eye contact</li> <li>Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose</li> <li>Speak with clear pronunciation</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)
SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	<ul> <li>Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant</li> <li>Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading</li> <li>Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4)

L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	<ul> <li>Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking</li> <li>Understand that language and appropriate usage changes</li> <li>Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions.  L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly.	Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling	A - 2 B - 1
L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.  L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking</li> <li>Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work</li> <li>Write using a variety of different syntaxes</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive,	<ul> <li>Use context clues to derive word meaning</li> <li>Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns</li> <li>Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words</li> <li>Trace the etymology of words</li> </ul>	A - 3 (H - 4) B - 3
conception, conceivable).  L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.		C - 3 D - 3

or in a dictionary).  L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.  L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	<ul> <li>Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox</li> <li>Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk)</li> <li>Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts</li> <li>Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 4 3 (H - 4)
Instru	uctional Plan	
Formative Assessment Plan	Summative Assessment Plan	
Formative assessment informs instruction and is ongoing throughout a unit to	Summative assessment is an opportunity for students to demonstrate mast	tery of the
determine how students are progressing against the standards.	skills taught during a particular unit.	
Reader-response papers	First draft papers	
Note-taking	Student-teacher writing conference	
Informal daily discussion of readings	Socratic seminars	
Informal presentations	Formal presentations	
	Final paper	
Texts	Supplementary Resources	
	"Diotima and Demeter as Mystagogues in Plato's Symposium" by Nancy	Evans
The Book of Job, JPS translation		
Ecclesiastes, King James version	Background - Diotima	
Plato's <i>Dialogues</i> , selected readings	https://www.brooklynmuseum.org/eascfa/dinner_party/heritage_floor/dio	<u>tima</u>
Dante's La Vita Nuova		
William Fleming's Cultural Ideas in Art	Background - Demeter	
	https://greekgodsandgoddesses.net/goddesses/demeter/	

Sappho's love lyrics (H)

Background information - Sappho's <a href="https://www.ancient.eu/Sappho">https://www.ancient.eu/Sappho</a> of Lesbos/

https://www.poetryfoundation.org/poets/sappho

Petrarchan Sonnets (H)

Additional Information Petrarchan Sonnets <a href="https://education.seattlepi.com/main-features-petrarchan-sonnet-5367.html">https://education.seattlepi.com/main-features-petrarchan-sonnet-5367.html</a>

 $\underline{\text{http://englishtutorhome2.blogspot.com/2013/06/the-petrarchan-lover-petrarchs-sonnets.html}}$ 

## **Additional Supplemental Resources**

Summary for Book of Job <a href="http://biblehub.com/summary/job/1.htm">http://biblehub.com/summary/job/1.htm</a>

How to read the Book of Job

https://www.desiringgod.org/interviews/how-should-i-read-the-book-of-job

Summary of Ecclesiastes

https://www.biblestudytools.com/kjv/ecclesiastes/

Audio version of The Book of Ecclesiastes

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aDau-WPQvaI

Online background information and text for *Dialogues* http://www.sacred-texts.com/cla/plato/index.htm

Audio version of Dialogues -Apology https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F1GhJo1QcJQ Euthyphro https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xql-lqkFDRA Meno https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m11eBOjl6d8 The Symposium https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=699XE8\_9Hjw Sophist https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MdkOizsQwrA Audio Version of Dante's La Vita Nuova https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nAFoUHY99iE **MLA** Formatting https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/01/ Principles & Conventions of Writing a Narrative Essay https://leo.stcloudstate.edu/acadwrite/narrative.html Peer Evaluation - Narrative Essay

http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson122/pgp\_narrative. pdf Sample Review Comments (vague to detailed) http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson122/range\_PR\_co mments.pdf Narrative Essays https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/685/04/ Bookshare (audio books) is available for special needs students - contact the Case Manager **Writing Tasks Primary Focus Secondary Focus Routine Writing** This is connected to the types of writing as This may be to develop a skill or connect to writing from This is daily writing or writing that is done several indicated in the standards: Informational or resources or research writing. times over a week Literary. First drafts papers and revisions Reader Response papers Students will write a narrative final paper Peer evaluation Note-taking inspired by one of the major works studied in Student-teacher workshops Developing a thesis the marking period. The final paper is the culmination of process writing throughout the marking period. **Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars** Internalization of the writing process Style and content response guidelines MLA formatting and writing help Sample papers

### **CROSS CURRICULAR RESOURCES**

The NJ Amistad Commission's NJSLS literacy resources: <a href="http://njamistadcurriculum.net/commoncore/">http://njamistadcurriculum.net/commoncore/</a>

The NJ Commission of Holocaust Education's Curriculum Guides/Materials: <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf">https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf</a>

# **ALIGNMENT TO 21st CENTURY SKILLS AND TECHNOLOGY**

21st Century/ Interdisciplinary Themes: Bold all that apply	21st Century Skills: Bold all that apply
Global Awareness	Creativity & Innovation
Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy	Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
Civic Literacy	Communication & Collaboration
Health Literacy	Media Literacy
Environmental Literacy	Information Literacy
	Information, Communication & Technology
	Life & Career Skills

## **Technology Infusion**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1-5el3aJjDd9j0WlJGA2gdtKQ8jwwuOCP98vx5zzJI6s/edit?usp=sharing

select from the list above/copy and paste

**Smart Board Applications** 

enVision applications

# **Evidence of Student Learning**

- Common benchmark
- DRA continuum
- Guided reading observational records
- Evaluation rubrics
- Self-reflections
- Teacher-student conferences
- Running records
- Students' published pieces
- Unit tests
- Quizzes

	Montclair Public Schools Instructional Unit				
Content:	Content: Humanities Grade:				11/12
Marking Period	4	Unit Title:	From Medieval to Romantic Works	Pacing:	10 Weeks

## **Framing the Learning**

#### Big Ideas:

World views established in great works of literature, especially epic poems, are determined by and reflect the religious, political, and social circumstances of the time in which they are written.

Great works of literature, especially epic poetry, dictate codes of human behavior.

The conventions of Greek literature and the readings of the Bible influenced the Medieval, Renaissance, and Romantic poets.

The cultural emphasis of Romanesque art is Divinism while the cultural ideas are on hierarchy and duality. The technical methods are abstraction and angularity. The cultural effects on the audience are faith, fealty, and judgement.

The cultural emphasis of Gothic art is Divinism while the cultural ideas are on contrast and synthesis. The technical methods are totalization, dynamism, and hagiography. The cultural effects on the audience are intellectuality and chivalry.

#### **Essential Questions:**

How do the religious beliefs of a writer inform the themes, conflicts, characterization and outcomes of his literary work?

What are the structural components of lengthy verse compositions, and how do those technical components create meaning?

How were literary works of these time periods influenced by earlier works? What is the evidence of that influence?

How does the art of a particular time period contain the values, intellect, and capabilities of the culture?

# **Enduring Understandings:**

Students will discover links between contemporary life and the concerns of humanity in other countries and times. Students will draw parallels, not only in literature but also in art, music, dance, philosophy, religion, math, and science. Emphasis is on the Western Tradition in Europe, particularly Italy and England.

NJSLS				
	Unit 4 Grade 11/12			
Unit 4 Readi	ng Standards	Unit 4 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge	
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	<ul> <li>Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant</li> <li>Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence</li> <li>Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details</li> <li>Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias)</li> <li>Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence</li> <li>Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience</li> <li>Support inference using several examples from the text</li> <li>Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text</li> <li>Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence</li> </ul>	4	

RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.		<ul> <li>Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text</li> <li>Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas</li> <li>Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text</li> <li>Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development</li> <li>Use the text to draw conclusions</li> <li>Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text ( and provides depth and dimension)</li> <li>Construct an objective summary of the text</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction</li> <li>Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text</li> <li>Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story</li> </ul>	4
		<ul> <li>RI.11-12.3:</li> <li>Identify and evaluate the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc) of the text</li> <li>Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is</li> <li>Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used		<ul><li>Assess figurative meaning</li><li>Assess connotative meaning</li></ul>	4

in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)		<ul> <li>Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon)</li> <li>Identify tone of text</li> <li>Explain how word choice creates tone</li> <li>Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text</li> </ul>	
RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		<ul> <li>Identify the structure of the text (ex. en media res, flashbacks, tragic elements)</li> <li>Describe how an author has chosen to structure a text and order events within it</li> <li>Explain why the author chose that structure and how it enhances the work as a whole</li> <li>Analyze how sequence contributes to the meaning and aesthetic impact</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).		<ul> <li>Identify and evaluate the point of view</li> <li>Determine what the text literally and figuratively states</li> <li>Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement</li> <li>Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose</li> </ul>	4
RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.		RL.11-12.9:  Recognize when an author draws on and then transforms source material (such as a theme or topic) from another text  Recognize foundational and canonical American texts  Identify and explain how different texts from the same era/genre approach the same theme/topics	3
RL.11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with	RI.11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with	<ul> <li>Closely read various forms of literature independently and literary nonfiction and fluently</li> <li>Demonstrate comprehension of various forms of literary text by showing a steadily growing ability to discern more and make fuller use of text</li> </ul>	3

scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  Unit 4 Writing Standards	<ul> <li>Make connections among ideas and between texts</li> <li>Consider a wider range of textual evidence</li> <li>Become more sensitive to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in texts</li> <li>Determine when comprehension is not occurring, and subsequently employ appropriate reading and note-taking strategies and/or ask for help in order to understand portions of a difficult text</li> <li>Unit 4 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills</li> </ul>	Depth of
Onit 4 Writing Standards	Ome 7 Willing Citatal Knowledge and Skins	Knowledge
W.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.  W.11-12.1.A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which	<ul> <li>Effectively select, organize, and analyze content</li> <li>Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information are needed</li> <li>Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose Supply evidence in order to inform the audience</li> </ul>	A - 3
precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.  W.11-12.1.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most	<ul> <li>Use relevant and sufficient facts, definitions, details, and quotes</li> <li>Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and accurately</li> </ul>	B - 4
significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.  W.11-12.1.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the	<ul> <li>Develop a topic</li> <li>Introduce a topic by arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships</li> <li>Decide what organization is most effective for purpose, audience, and task Focus on syntax as it creates effective</li> </ul>	C - 3
relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.1.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage	<ul> <li>writing</li> <li>Choose a formal style and objective tone</li> <li>Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and</li> </ul>	D -3
the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.1.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for	figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogies  Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content  Format effectively	E - 3 (H - 4)
academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	<ul> <li>Organize graphics</li> <li>Provide multimedia when useful</li> </ul>	F - 3

W.11-12.1.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	<ul> <li>Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text</li> <li>Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented</li> </ul>	
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	<ul> <li>Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure</li> <li>Identify and understand the writing purpose</li> <li>Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately</li> <li>Understand and utilize appropriate style</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	<ul> <li>Create and use appropriate planning templates</li> <li>Understand and utilize revision techniques</li> <li>Understand writing as a process</li> <li>Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience</li> <li>Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose</li> </ul>	3
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	<ul> <li>Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration</li> <li>Link and cite sources</li> <li>Create shared writing products</li> <li>Adapt writing according to feedback</li> <li>Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software</li> <li>Assess and evaluate feedback from peers</li> </ul>	2
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	<ul> <li>Conduct short and more sustained research projects</li> <li>Conduct research drawing on multiple sources</li> <li>Understand steps of an investigation</li> <li>Develop an inquiry question</li> <li>Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate</li> <li>Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry</li> </ul>	4

W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	<ul> <li>Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights</li> <li>Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content</li> <li>Gather print and digital information</li> <li>Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose</li> <li>Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience</li> <li>Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant</li> <li>Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").  W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").	<ul> <li>Paraphrase correctly</li> <li>Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)</li> <li>Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme</li> <li>Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research</li> </ul>	4
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	<ul> <li>Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> <li>Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences</li> <li>Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project</li> </ul>	3

	<ul> <li>Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision</li> </ul>	
Unit 4 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 4 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills	Depth of Knowledge
SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.  SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.  SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.  SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.  SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	<ul> <li>Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions</li> <li>Prepare for discussions</li> <li>Read and research materials beforehand</li> <li>Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion</li> <li>Refer to evidence from texts and other research</li> <li>Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion</li> <li>Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Set guidelines for class discussions</li> <li>Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles</li> <li>Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities.</li> <li>Self monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed</li> <li>Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity</li> <li>discuss and question the argument and evidence</li> <li>Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully</li> <li>Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives</li> <li>Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments</li> </ul>	3 (H - 4) B - 3 (H - 4) D - 3 (H - 4)

L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.  L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	<ul> <li>Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking</li> <li>Understand that language and appropriate usage changes</li> <li>Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.  L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions.  L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly.	<ul> <li>Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling</li> </ul>	A - 2 B - 1
L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.  L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	<ul> <li>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style</li> <li>Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking</li> <li>Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work</li> <li>Write using a variety of different syntaxes</li> </ul>	3
L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.  L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.  L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).	<ul> <li>Use context clues to derive word meaning</li> <li>Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns</li> <li>Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words</li> <li>Trace the etymology of words</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 3 (H - 4)
L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.		C - 3 D - 3

L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).  L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar	<ul> <li>Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox</li> <li>Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk)</li> </ul>	3 A - 3 B -4
denotations.  L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	<ul> <li>Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts</li> <li>Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level</li> </ul>	4
Instructional Plan		
Formative Assessment Plan	Summative Assessment Plan	
Formative assessment informs instruction and is ongoing throughout a unit to determine how students are progressing against the standards.	Summative assessment is an opportunity for students to demonstrate maste skills taught during a particular unit.	ery of the
Reader-response papers Note-taking	First draft papers Student-teacher writing conference Socratic seminars Formal presentations Final paper	
Informal daily discussion of readings Informal presentations	Formal presentations	
	Formal presentations	
Informal presentations	Formal presentations Final paper	
Informal presentations  Texts	Formal presentations Final paper Supplementary Resources	
Informal presentations  Texts  Dante's Inferno	Formal presentations Final paper  Supplementary Resources  "Dante's Use of Extended Metaphor" by James Applewhite (H)	

Additional material for Dante's *Inferno* 

9 Circles of Hell

http://historylists.org/art/9-circles-of-hell-dantes-inferno.html

https://dlcl.stanford.edu/sites/default/files/files upload/lummus-inferno-influence 1.pdf

http://www.danteinferno.info/characters/

Annotated & Searchable versions of *Paradise Lost* <a href="http://www.paradiselost.org/">http://www.paradiselost.org/</a>

Audio version of Paradise Lost

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0hu8p-NYSkE

Introduction to Shakespeare's Sonnets

https://www.bl.uk/shakespeare/articles/an-introduction-to-shakespeares-sonnets

Online Shakespeare's Sonnets

http://www.shakespeare-online.com/sonnets/

John Keats

https://www.poetryfoundation.org/poets/john-keats

Audio versions of poems by John Keats

https://www.poemhunter.com/john-keats/poems/

**Additional Supplemental Materials** 

MLA Formatting

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/01/

Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson\_images/lesson1155/scaffold.pdf Sample Research Paper Scaffold http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson images/lesson1155/example scaff old.pdf Argumentative Writing https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/659/1/ **Establishing Arguments** https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/1/ Research and Evidence https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/588/02/ The Writing Process https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/1/1/ Prewriting https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/673/1/ Writing a Thesis Statement https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/ https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/545/01/ Developing an Outline https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/1/ https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/544/01/ Writing an introductory paragraph - Video

https://www.google.com/search?q=how+to+write+an+introduction+for+a+research+pa per&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwidnJ6d8JncAhXxmOAKHYqvDWkQ1QII7gEoAO&biw=9 40&bih=562&safe=active&ssui=on#kpvalbx=1 Body Paragraph - elaboration http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/lesson-docs/Key Elaboration.pdf Conclusion Paragraph https://owl.english.purdue.edu/engagement/2/2/60/ Research and Citation https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/section/2/ Essay Map - Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/6-8%20Essay%20Map.pdf Persuasive Essay Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/persuasion%20map.pdf Compare Contrast Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/CompareContrast.pdf Connection Web - Graphic Organizer http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resources/printouts/ConnectionWeb.pdf Bookshare (audio books) is available for special needs students - contact the Case Manager **Writing Tasks Primary Focus Secondary Focus Routine Writing** This is connected to the types of writing as This may be to develop a skill or connect to writing from This is daily writing or writing that is done several resources or research writing. times over a week

indicated in the standards: Informational or			
Literary.	First drafts papers and revisions	Reader Response papers	
	Peer evaluation	Note-taking	
Students will write a research final paper	Student-teacher workshops	Developing a thesis	
inspired by one of the major works studied in			
the marking period. The final paper is the			
culmination of process writing throughout the			
marking period.			
Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars			
Internalization of the writing process			
Style and content response guidelines			
MLA formatting and writing help			
Sample papers			

DIFFERENTIATION			
Special Education	ELL	Intervention	Acceleration
<ul> <li>Modify and accommodate as listed in student's IEP or 504 plan</li> <li>Prioritize instruction</li> <li>Teach thoroughly</li> <li>Utilize wait-time</li> <li>Ensure directions are clear and concise</li> <li>Utilize probing and clarifying questions</li> <li>Ask higher order questions equitably</li> <li>Support instruction with scaffolding</li> <li>Model (provide step by step instructions) use of learning strategies</li> <li>Provide extended time for practice and review of learning strategies</li> <li>Identify, categorize, and teach words critical to understanding instructional texts</li> <li>Utilize multiple approaches to monitor student understanding</li> <li>Create rubrics to develop assessments</li> <li>Vary assessments</li> <li>Assign peer assisted reading</li> <li>Assign peer tutoring</li> <li>Provide individual help to all students</li> <li>Create opportunities for/Monitor peer collaboration</li> <li>Monitor student progress frequently</li> <li>Utilize flexible/cooperative grouping based on instructional goals</li> <li>Create lesson reminder sheets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Get to know student</li> <li>Set high expectations</li> <li>Learn/Utilize/Display some words in student's heritage language</li> <li>Allow electronic translator</li> <li>Reword, repeat, and clarify directions</li> <li>Determine student knowledge and level of understanding</li> <li>Research instruction that best matches student need</li> <li>Utilize ongoing informal assessments</li> <li>Refer to NJDOE resources</li> <li>*Review Special Education list for additional recommendations.*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tiered Interventions following RtI framework</li> <li>RtI Intervention Bank</li> <li>Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)</li> <li>LLI (Tier III)</li> <li>FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line</li> <li>enVision intervention supports NJDOE resources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Process should be modified: higher order thinking skills, open-ended thinking, discovery</li> <li>Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge</li> <li>Utilize exploratory connections to higher grade concepts</li> <li>Contents should be modified: abstraction, complexity, variety, organization</li> <li>Products should be modified: real world problems, audiences, deadlines, evaluation, transformations</li> <li>Learning environment should be modified: student-centered learning, independence, openness, complexity, groups varied</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Prioritize and chunk lengthy assignments</li> <li>Utilize assistive technology, when appropriate</li> <li>Provide ongoing, effective, specific feedback</li> <li>Model/Utilize graphic organizers</li> <li>Provide leveled reading materials</li> <li>Utilize visual aids and props (flashcards, pictures, symbols) when possible</li> <li>Utilize a multi-sensory approach to new topics</li> <li>NJDOE Resources</li> </ul>		
CROSS CURRICULAR RESOURCES		
The NJ Amistad Commission's NJSLS literacy resources: <a href="http://njamistadcommission">http://njamistadcommission</a>		
The NJ Commission of Holocaust Education's Curriculum Guides/Materials: <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf">https://www.nj.gov/education/holocaust/curriculum/Universal9-12.pdf</a>		
ALIGNMENT TO 21st CENTURY SKILLS AND TECHNOLOGY		
21st Century/ Interdisciplinary Themes: Bold all that apply	21st Century Skills: Bold all that apply	
Global Awareness	Creativity & Innovation	
Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy	Critical Thinking & Problem Solving	
Civic Literacy	Communication & Collaboration	
Health Literacy	Media Literacy	
Environmental Literacy	Information Literacy	

Information, Communication & Technology Life & Career Skills

# **Technology Infusion**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1-5el3aJjDd9j0WlJGA2gdtKQ8jwwuOCP98vx5zzJI6s/edit?usp=sharing

select from the list above/copy and paste

**Smart Board Applications** 

enVision applications

# **Evidence of Student Learning**

- Common benchmark
- DRA continuum
- Guided reading observational records
- Evaluation rubrics
- Self-reflections
- Teacher-student conferences
- Running records
- Students' published pieces
- Unit tests
- Quizzes